Non-Traumatic First Rib Fracture in University Wrestler

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Abstract

The first rib is well situated to be fully protected from external trauma as it is surrounded by soft tissue, muscles, and bony structures. It is rarely fractured by external trauma. However, two reports of non-traumatic first rib fractures have recently been reported: One in a basketball player and the other in a cheerleader. We present a third case of a non-traumatic first rib fracture, one that occurred in a collegiate wrestler secondary to cervical muscle contraction.

Keywords

First rib, First rib stress fracture, Sports injuries, Wrestling

Introduction

The first rib is the shortest of the 12 bilateral ribs and attaches to the first vertebral body posteriorly and to the manubrium anteriorly.

The first rib is well situated to be fully protected by external trauma as it is surrounded by soft tissue, muscles, and bony structures. However, a report of two non-traumatic first rib fractures has recently been published [1]. We present a third case of a non-traumatic first rib fracture secondary to scalene muscle contraction in a university wrestler. No previous reports of non-traumatic first rib fractures in wrestlers have been published.

Found on the first rib are several structures which are vulnerable to damage should a fracture occur. The subclavian vein and subclavian artery cross the first rib in grooves on the superior surface and may be torn by forceful scalene muscle contraction at its attachment at the scalene tubercle between the vascular grooves (Figure 1).

Case Report

A 19-year-old varsity wrestler presented with a history of being thrown from his feet by another wrestler in the practice room. He suddenly developed pain in the right medial parascapular area. He recalls that as he was thrown on his left shoulder, he flexed his head to the right to avoid striking his head on the mat.

He continued to wrestle with some tolerable back and shoulder pain but after practice he had increased stiffness and soreness in his right upper back. He complained of pain on movement of the right shoulder. Tenderness to palpation of the right rhomboid muscle was elicited but no tenderness over the scapula or spinous processes. Neurological exam was normal. He denied numbness, weakness or weakness in his right arm. The initial impression was possible right rhomboid strain.

A follow-up examination 48 hours after the injury revealed no significant change in signs or symptoms. However, a chest X-ray revealed a non-displaced fracture of right first rib. A thoracic MRI revealed normal rhomboid, but a small right pleural effusion was visualized. A CT of the thorax revealed a non-displaced first rib fracture (Figure 2).

Follow-Up

The wrestler was permitted to engage in aerobic exercise only with no wrestling and no weight lifting for 6 weeks. He was then allowed to resumed wrestling and weight lifting without limitation. No untoward after-effects were experienced.

Discussion

Because of its location, the first rib is seldom frac-
The unique anatomy of the first rib lends itself to fracture in the event of sudden neck muscle contraction without external trauma [1]. Non-traumatic fractures of the first rib have been reported to athletes participating in several sports including football [3], baseball [4], soccer [5], basketball [6], kick boxing [7] and rugby [8]. This case is the first reported in a wrestler at any level.

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**References**